

Gazette of the United States, AND Philadelphia Daily Advertiser.

NUMBER 2112.]

PHILADELPHIA: THURSDAY EVENING, JUNE 27, 1799.

[VOLUME XV.]

The price of this Gazette is Eight Dollars per annum to Subscribers residing in the city of Philadelphia. All others pay one Dollar additional, for enclosing and directing; and unless some person in this city will become answerable for the subscription, it must be paid Six Months in Advance.

WILLIAM BONNAR

INFORMS the public that business of importance calling him to Europe, he is obliged to decline his trade in Market Street.

ALL PERSONS indebted to him, and those to whom he is indebted, will please to apply to Mr. George Dobson, no. 92, Market Street, for the settlement of their respective accounts, who is duly empowered for that purpose.

June 3

TO BE SOLD,

An Invoice of Woollens,

CONSISTING of Coarse and Fine Cloths, principally Dark Blue and printed Calicoes—apply to

Owen & Jonathan Jones,
No. 151 Market-Street.

April 29

Old French Brandy in large and small casks
100 boxes 7 by 9 & 8 by 10 Window Glafs
20 chest pint & half pint Tumblers, assorted
226 whole & 6 half-tiers Rice,
FOR SALE BY

Gurney & Smith.

May 1, 1799

FOR SALE,

At No. 246, High-Street,

A Handsome Coach,

Coach, Phaeton, & Pair of Horses,
Either separately or together.
Also—a handsome Narraganset Mare and Grey Horse, very easily guided.

May 24

FOR SALE,

A Handsome New House,

Within 5 miles of the city.

TWO stories high, together with a grange lot, it is in a very good situation for business—the terms will be made very convenient to the purchaser—Enquire of the printer.

May 28

IRISH LINENS.

Just received, via New-York, also by the ship Stockport from Liverpool, a good assortment of

4-4 wide Irish Linens,

in half boxes,

Which will be disposed of by the package on reasonable terms by

JAMES CLIBBORN & ENGLISH,

June 14

No. 12, fourth Front Street.

tu & fa tf

UNSEATED LANDS.

THE owners of Unseated lands in FAYETTE COUNTY (Penn.) are hereby notified, that unless the taxes due on said lands for the years 1796, 1797 and 1798, are paid into the hands of General Ephraim Douglass, County Treasurer, on or before Thursday the 10th day of September next, they will be advertised for sale as the law directs.

Caleb Mounts, } County Commrs
James Allen, }
John Fulton, }

Union Town, June 5, '99. (14) d3m

June 5

TREASURY DEPARTMENT

JUNE 27, 1799.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That by virtue of an act, passed during the present session of Congress, so much of the act entitled "An Act making further provision for the support of public credit, and for the redemption of the public debt"—passed the third day of March, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-five, as bars from settlement or allowance, Certificates, commonly called Loan Office and final settlement Certificates, and Indents of Interest, is suspended until the twelfth day of June, which will be in the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety-nine.

That on the liquidation and settlement of the said Certificates, and Indents of Interest, at the Treasury, the Creditors will be entitled to receive Certificates of funded Three Per Cent. Stock equal to the amount of the said Indents, and the arrangements of interest due on their said Certificates, prior to the first day of January one thousand seven hundred and ninety-nine.

That the principal funds of the said Loan Office and final settlement Certificates, with the interest thereon, since the first day of January, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-nine, will be discharged after liquidation at the Treasury, by the payment of interest and reimbursement of principal, equal to the sums which would have been payable thereon, if the said Certificates had been funded, pursuant to the Act making provision for the debts of the United States, contracted during the late war, and by the payment of other sums, equal to the market value of the remaining Stock, which would have been created by such subscriptions as aforesaid, which market value will be determined by the Comptroller of the Treasury.

OLIVER WOLCOTT,

Secretary of the Treasury.

June 28

TO

Journeymen Shoemakers.

TWO HUNDRED will receive immediate employment by applying to WILLIAM M. LAWS, Sadler, No. 72, Chestnut Street.

June 12

Abundant Country Seat, for Sale

SITUATED on the bank of the Delaware joining lands of Matthias Siple and Mr. John Duffield, 13 miles from Philadelphia and 7 miles from Bristol.

The buildings consist of a new two story Frame House and Kitchen adjoining—3 rooms on a floor, a Piazza the whole front of the House, a Pump of excellent water, also a good garden and orchard—10 acres of land will be sold with the premises, but more can be had if required. There is a gravelly shore at the river, the water stages for Burlington pass every day in the summer season, and the land flags for New-York within half a mile; any person inclining to purchase may know the terms of sale and other particulars by enquiring at No. 12, Dock-Street, or No. 161, South Second-Street.

June 1

Notice is hereby given,

THAT application will be made to the Treasury of the United States, for the renewal of the following Certificates of six per cent. and Deferred funded Stock, standing in the following names, the property of JOHN CLARK, Esq. of Yorkshire, in England: the said Certificates having been lost on board the Swallow Packet, captain Kidd, from Falmouth to New-York.

Dols. Cts. No.
5000 12731 dated March 7th, 1795, Register Certificate in favor of John and Francis Baring & Co. London.

3621 66 15070 do. March 17th, 1797, do. in favor of Braunberg Kluppel Paefch & Co. of Amsterdam

413 21 14823 do. Dec. 3d, 1796, do. in favor of F. L. Braunberg of Amsterdam

267 89 3536 do. March 15th, '96, do. in favor of do do do

898 36 14235 do. May 17th, '96, in favor of do do do

387 37 14678 do. Sept. 9th, '96, in favor of do do do

3367 5 13242 do. May 27th, '95, in favor of Frederick Lodewyk Braunberg of Amsterdam

4711 8 1249 do. August 28th, '95, in favor of do do do

2131 47 3305 do. July 23d, '95, in favor of do do do

342 0 13860 do. Dec. 10th, '95, in favor of do do do

298 22 3316 do. Aug. 28th, '95, in favor of do do do

4000 0 13793 do. Nov. 16th, '95, in favor of John and Francis Baring & Co. London.

1500 0 13127 do. May 27th, '95, in favor of do do do

1600 0 13798 do. Nov. 16th, '95, in favor of do do do

9376 66 11963 do. Apr. 24th, '97, Commission of Loans of New-York, in favor of Jonathan Hoare of London

36,014-97 6 per cent stock,

Dols. Cts. No.
7997 93 1143 do. Mar. 2d, '93, Register Certificate to Herman Katenkamp of Great Britain.

7000 0 5757 do. do do do do do

1000 0 5883 do. Mar. 18th, '93, do do do

1500 0 1176 do. do do do do do

12000 0 900 do. Oct. 9th, '92, do do do

700 43 952 do. Oct. 26th, '92, do do do

10783 33 6076 do. May 13th, '93, do do do

5000 0 6366 do. Aug. 6th, '93, do do do

5090 0 6367 do. do do do do do

8352 92 2858 do. May 16th, '95, Commission of Loans at New-York to Henry M. Bird of London,

4000 0 1717 do. Nov. 2d, '92, do do do

3618 69 1718 do. do do do do do

2634 0 3968 do. Nov. 3d, '92, do do do

5000 0 1724 do. Nov. 6th, '92, do do do

74587 30 Deferred 6 per cent Stock.

may 25 WILLING'S & FRANCIS. d3m

Notice is hereby given,

THAT application will be made to the Treasury of the United States for the renewal of the following certificates of 6 per cent funded stock the said certificates having been lost on board the Swallow Packet, captain Kidd, from Falmouth to New-York:

No. 3072, Signed Joseph Nourie, in favor of Samuel and Henry Waddington, dated February 11, 1795, for dollars 2000

No. 2964, Signed Joseph Nourie, to William & Jan Wilkins, and Nicholas & Jacob Van Staphorst & Hubbard, agents for the United States at Amsterdam, dated January 31st, 1795, for 5000 dollars

may 25 WILLING'S & FRANCIS. d3m

MAIL COACHEES

Between PHILADELPHIA and BALTIMORE, LEAVE Philadelphia every day, (Sunday excepted) at 8 o'clock, A. M. arrive at Baltimore the next day, by 11 o'clock, A. M.

Returning, Leave Baltimore every day, (Sunday excepted) at 4 o'clock, A. M. and arrive at Philadelphia the next day, by 9 o'clock, A. M.

Between NEW-YORK and PHILADELPHIA, Leave Philadelphia every day (Sunday excepted) at 12 o'clock at noon, arrive at New-York the next morning, by 8 o'clock.

Returning, Leave New-York every day (Sunday excepted) at one o'clock, P. M. and arrive at Philadelphia the next morning, by 7 o'clock.

Seats in the Mail Coachees to be taken in New-York.

At Butman's Office, No. 5, Cortland-Street. In Philadelphia.

At Francis' Hotel, No. 13, fourth Fourth-Street, and at the Franklin Inn, No. 59, north Second Street.

In Baltimore.

Fare for Passengers, 8 Dollars from Philadelphia to New-York, and 8 Dollars from Philadelphia to Baltimore.

All baggage over 14lb. weight, is carried at 5 cents per pound.

The Proprietors are not responsible for Baggage.

Agent for the Public Lines, from Philadelphia to Baltimore.

WARD, BROADHURST, JONES & Co. Proprietors of the Mail Lines, from Philadelphia to New-York.

General Post-Office, }
May 1, } 6

Delaware & Schuylkill Canal Office,

Philadelphia, May 9, 1799.

IN pursuance of a resolution of the president and managers of the Delaware and Schuylkill Canal Company, the Stock-holders are hereby notified and required to pay, on each of their respective shares, to the Treasurer of the Company, at the Company's Office in this city,

15 dollars on the 15th June next, and 20 dollars on the 15th July next, and 20 dollars on the 15th August next.

Wm. GOVETT, Treasurer.
m2u4w (dist. 12015A)

May 13.

FOR SALE.

NOW LANDING,
From ship Superb, capt. Boyd, from London.

Brown Stout Porter, in tierces of eight and ten dozen each,
Ditto in hogheads, for draught.

He also offers for Sale,
BY SUNDRY ARRIVALS.

A quantity of clean
St. Peterburgh Hemp,

Jamaica Rum,
Brandy, 1st and 4th proof.

Red Port Wine, in pipes, hhds. & qr. casks,
Old Batavia Arrack, in casks of 1 and a dozen, for home consumption or exportation.

Calcutta White Wine, in pipes, 1
Hazelnuts in Sacks.

Wanted to Charter,
FOR JAMAICA,

A VESSEL,
WHICH will carry from 1000 to 1500 barrels Flour.

PETER BRIGHT.
d3w & d3aw

June 26

FOR ST. CROIX,

The Brigantine,
ARIEL,

John Criffin, master. For freight or passage, apply to

John Nixon & Co.
June 17 j3w2w

FOR SALE,

The fast sailing Ship
SWIFT PACKET.

She is well calculated as a Packet between this and the southern states, having handsome and extensive accommodations for passengers. She is well fitted for the freights or West India trade, and can be sent to sea at a trifling expence. The inventory may be seen and the terms of sale made known by applying to

N. & J. FRAZIER,
No. 95 South Front st.

may 30. d3w3wtf

SHIP BROKER'S OFFICE,

And Commission Store,
No. 129, SOUTH FRONT STREET,
Next door to the Custom House.

THE Subscriber, encouraged by the advice of his friends, offers his service to the public as a Ship and Insurance Broker.—He proposes to buy and sell vessels and every thing relating thereto—assist masters of vessels and others in entering and clearing at the Custom-House, procuring and shipping freight, settling Insurance and all other mercantile accounts, and have on hand the necessary Blanks and Stamps.

Papers in foreign languages translated, and information given in general mercantile matters.—From a knowledge gained by long experience of every branch of business he hopes to be useful to those who please to favor him with their commands.

SAMUEL EMERY.
november 10 23w

ROSS & SIMSON,
HAY FOR SALE,

300 pieces 1ft and 2d quality Ruffia Duck

100 pieces Ravans Duck (superior)

Boison Beef in Barrels, COSSAS

A few bales Bengal HUMHUMS.

1100 bushels St. Martins Salt.

April 11

Now Landing from the ship Delaware, from Canton and for sale by the Subscribers.

Hyfon, }
Hyfon Skin, } F.E.A.S.
Young Hyfon, }
Souchong, }
Canton and Garden Fans, }
Nankens, }
China Ware, assorted, }
Umbrellas 13 to 30 inches, }
Silk Handkerchiefs, }
Hair Ribbons and Sewing Silks. }

They have also remaining on Hand
Black Perfum, Choppa and Pulicat Romalis,
And a general assortment of Dry Goods as usual.

Thomas & Joshua Fisher.

4th mo 26 5

NOTICE.

THE Public are requested not to receive any drafts, notes, obligations or bills of any kind drawn in favor of or indorsed by

Abijah Hunt.

J. & A. Hunt.

Jesse & Abijah Hunt.

Jeremiah & Abijah Hunt.

Abijah & Jno. W. Hunt.

Snodgrass, & Co.

Those on whom they are drawn are also desired to suspend acceptance, until reference be had to the subscriber.

About twenty thousand Dollars of bills of the above description having been taken from the carrier near the mouth of Tennessee river by a party of Indians.

SAMUEL MEENER.
April 26. tu th&f tf

Lost, last evening,
A GREY-HOUND,
of the English breed;

HAS a brass collar round her neck with the name of Thomas Sterling on it; body quite white, except a small spot on her left side, each cheek of a dove colour; answers to the name of Dove. Whoever has taken her up, and will deliver her at the Indian Queen, shall be rewarded.

may 10 5

LANDING.
From on board the DOROTHEA, at Willings and Francis's wharf, and for SALE by the subscribers,

An assortment of
GERMAN LINENS,

—CONSISTING OF—

Estopillas Guingas
Platillas Royales Dowlas
Brown Platillas Ceras à la Morlais
Bretagnes Silefia white Rools
Rouanes Warendorp linen
Checks & Stripes Table Linen
Lestados Linen fit for coffee bags
Bielefeld Linen. Pocket handkerchiefs

LIKEWISE,
German broad Cloth 30 hhds. claret
Thread 1200 demijohns
French silk Stockings 155 liquor casks
Swedish Iron 300 casks claret
12 pipes Holland Gin.

ON HAND,
Ruffia Bristles,
English Sail Cloth,
St. Peterburgh Hemp,
English Silk Goods—co. filling of Satins,
Ribbons, Perfins, &c.

ERICK & LEWIS BOLLMAN,
100, Spruce Street.

June 26

FOR SALE,
By JOSEPH SIMS,

No. 155, SOUTH WATER-STREET.

A complete assortment of China Ware,
Bohea Tea, in whole, half and quarter chests,
Hyfon Gowne, young hyfon and hyfon skin Tea in quarter chests.

Souchong and Peco Souchong Tea in quarter chests and boxes.

Caffia in bales, Silk Umbrellas, plain and fringed in boxes, hair ribbon,
St. Croix Rum and Sugar in hogheads.

Cogniac Brandy, in hhds. 1st, 3d, and 4th proof three years old,
Cordage, of the first quality, assorted, from 9 thread rattling to 13 inch cables, &c. &c.

June 26

TO BE SOLD BY
JESSE & ROBERT WAEN.

Old Port Wine, in Pipes, Hhds. and quarter casks,
Also Landing at their Wharf
From on board the ship Edward from Lisbon.

Lisbon Wine, in pipes and qr. casks.

June 25 5

Joshua B. Bond,
Corner of Market and sixth street.

Has received by the late Arrivals from London, Liverpool and Bristol,
A neat Assortment of

DRY GOODS,

Suitable to the Season.—Which he will dispose of at the lowest terms, for cash or the customary credit.

June 25. \$2w

WANTED,
A WET NURSE with a good Breast of Milk.

Any such person who can be properly recommended, may hear of generous terms, by applying at no. 100, fourth Third Street, between Walnut and Spruce streets.

June 20 5

ENGLISH WROUGHT NAILS

Just arrived from Liverpool.

150 casks 8d. 10d. 12d and 20d. fine drawn Nails, suited to the West-India Market, and entitled to drawback—also,

50 casks different sizes small Nails,
FOR SALE.

on moderate terms for cash or approved notes at 4 and 6 months, by

ROBERT DENISON, Jun.

45 north Third Street.

June 21 d1at

NEW AUCTION.

THE Subscriber being appointed Auctioneer for the City in the place of Mr. E. Fox, resigned, informs his friends and the public, that his Store, No. 56, South Front Street, (formerly occupied by Mr. Fox) is now open for the reception of Goods.

Money will be advanced on Goods if required.

SAMUEL ISRAEL, auc'r.

The Sales of Dry Goods will commence on Monday the 1st July, at 9 o'clock in the morning.

June 24

FOR SALE
BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,

20 pipes of Old Madeira Wine,

2 Cannon—9 pounders

25 coils rigging, from 1 1/4 to 5 inch.

35 hhds. of best James River Tobacco.

Willing & Francis,

Penn-Street.

tu th & fa tf

may 23.

Notice is hereby Given,

THAT application will be made for the issue of certificates for twenty two shares of the Stock of the Bank of the United States, in lieu of the undermentioned certificates for a like number of shares of the stock of the said Institution, in favour of James Eckley Colley, of Liverpool, lost by the capture of the Diana, Richard Kirkbride, master, on a voyage from Philadelphia to Liverpool, Great-Britain, viz.

Two certificates, No. 27,000 and 27,001 for five shares each. Three certificates, No. 27,002 and 27,004, for four shares each.

G. SIMPSON, Cashier.

Bank of the United States, }
May 23, 1799. } taw3m

By this Day's Mail.

NEW-YORK, June 26.
No accounts had been received in London till 9th May respecting the Breff fleet, and various were the conjectures as to its destination. From Killarney being the commander it was supposed to be intended for Ireland.

The Roman Pontiff, after experiencing one of those severe reverses of fortune which the present revolutionary times have rendered common, died in the citadel of Turin, in the mountains of Dauphiné, the latter end of April, a victim to grief, fatigue, and the infirmities of age.

By the British packet Mary, we have received London Papers to the 11th ultimo. From these papers we this day copy the leading articles. To-morrow we shall be more copious in our details.

May 11, 3 percent Consols were up to 55 and 55½.

London, May 3.
The squadron which sailed from Breff, carries 25,000 troops to be disembarked under the orders of gen. Kilmaine. It is composed of one ship of 120 guns, three of 110 guns, two of 80, and nineteen of 74, besides nine frigates, and several corvettes. The crews are more than complete, and all the sailors have received three months pay in advance. The ships are victualled for five months. The captains received from the minister a packet, which was to be opened only in the presence of their general staff, upon a signal given, by the admiral's ship firing a gun. The gun was fired, it appears, in the night of the 26th ult. The packet directed them to sail, and they immediately put to sea with a favorable wind.

Ships: L'Océan, Brouillac, commander, capt. de vais. 120 guns, 1340 men; Le Republicain, Berminger, idem. 110, 1213; Le Terrible, Lecourt, idem. 110, 1023; L'Invincible, L'Heritier, chef de div. 110, 1069; L'Indomptable, Dordelin, cap. de vais. 80, 800; Le Formidable, Trehouard, chef de div. 80, 898; Le Zele, Dufay, idem. 74, 759; La Constitution, Lerrey, idem. 74, 758; Le Cistampin, Bergevin, cap. de vais. 74, 742; Le Watigny, Gourdon, idem. 74, 700; Le Batave, Daugier, chef de div. 74, 726; Le Gaulois, Simon, cap. de vais. 74, 750; Le Mont Blanc, Maillet, chef de div. 74, 713; Le Redoubtable, Montcoum, idem. 74, 777; Le Gommepes, Cosmar, idem. 74, 710; Le Duquesne, Kfrangal, idem. 74, 743; Le Tourville, Henry, capitaine de vais. 74, 760; Le J. J. Roussin, Bigot, idem. 74, 710; Le Dix-Sept, Bergeret, idem. 74, 730; Le Jean Bart, Meyn, idem. 74, 737; La Revolution, Rolland, idem. 74, 700; La Convection, Bozee, idem. 74, 714; Le Tyranicide, Allemand, chef de div. 74, 660; Le Censeur, Faye, idem. 74, 807; Le Fougueux, Belcond, idem. 74, 770.

FRIGATES.	
La Romaine,	Lacaille, 44 440
La Croire,	Gougeon, 40 387
La Bravoure,	Lahourdonnaire, 36 357
La Cocarde,	Croire, 36 300
La Fraternite,	Belhard, 36 312
La Fidelle,	Chefneau, (en suite) 169
La Bredelle,	Bourran, 23 190
La Tactique,	Louvet, 18 153
La Biche,	Kinzel, 49
La Decouverte,	Poffart, 51
25 ships of the line,	
5 frigates,	
1 flute,	
2 galleys.	

Total general 35 vessels.

Message of the Executive Directory to the Council of Five Hundred, April 26.

CITIZENS REPRESENTATIVES.
"It is incumbent on the French republic to obtain triumph over her enemies by force of her arms, and the pecuniary resources which she shall be enabled to call forth to provide for her expense."

"The measures which you have recently adopted, that the cause of liberty may have under its standard 200,000 additional defenders, will produce the desired effect; but it is indispensably requisite that you should direct your attention to the state of the finances, and complete the funds necessary for the current disbursement."

"The Executive Directory has ordered the minister of that department to furnish a state of the revenue received, and an estimate likely to result from the punctual execution of the financial regulations. His reports are annexed to the message, and the Directory refers to the contents of it. From this report it appears that the deficit which has so much varied since the commencement of the year, from the successive changes of laws and circumstances amounts to 67 millions."

"It is our desire, citizens representatives, that France shall finish in a victorious manner the struggle which she has to sustain for the success of the cause of Liberty, and of that of her allies. To accomplish this, a good system of finance is necessary to her. The receipts and expenses are not balanced, and the Executive Directory renews its demand with urgency for you to employ the most effectual and speedy means that they may be so without delay."

"Such is the object of this message, which it invites you take into your immediate consideration."

(Signed) "BARRAS, President.
"LA GARDE, Sec. General."

On Monday Lieutenant Alt, commanding one of his majesty's schooners, arrived at Portsmouth from a cruise off the coast of France; and yesterday morning at the admiralty to communicate to Mr. Nepean the following information relative to the Breff fleet:

Lieutenant Alt spoke several neutral vessels from different ports in France, all agreeing in the failing of the above fleet, which they state to consist of 79 sail of the line and only 6 frigates. The captain of a neutral vessel from Breff to Cherbourg acquainted him that he saw the fleet sail on Thursday morning, the 25th ult. that the next morning, from the hills above the town, he saw the whole fleet at anchor in the outer road, and was informed that part had returned the following morning in consequence of changeable winds and fogs. On Saturday the wind coming round to the S. E. they sailed again. One of the neutrals saw the fleet steering N. W. afterwards spoke an English sloop of war, which stood immediately for Lord Bridport. Lieutenant Alt was very particular in his questions to ascertain the true state of the case; one account informed him that there were 30 sail of transports with the fleet, but this was not corroborated by any other. A foreign gentleman, a pensioner, acquainted him that the general opinion at Breff was, that the destination was Ireland—that in a certain latitude the fleet would separate into three divisions. They expected one might be intercepted, which would sufficiently employ Lord Bridport, to enable the others to land the troops, of which every ship was as full as they could flow. An embargo had been laid in all the ports previous to the failing of the fleet.

A very extraordinary report was spread this day in the two councils, and is now the subject of every conversation. We are assured that the Telegraph has announced the assassination of our Plenipotentiaries, Bonnier and Roberjot, in a village between Radstadt and Straßburg. Jean Debry was the only person who escaped the fury of the assassins.

The Emperor of Russia has declared war against the city of Hamburg. It remains to be seen in what light this will be viewed by the King of Prussia, under whose protection that city is, and of England herself, for whom it is the medium through which the draws all the gold of Germany.

A letter from a Commissary of the Archduke's army, which I have just seen, states that the French soldiers are very much disgusted, and desert in great numbers, on account of the ill treatment which they receive from their officers; that they are in want of every thing in Switzerland. On that very day on which he wrote, the 19th, 29 Dragoons, all of them mounted had come up to him: several Swiss had also passed by, to join their worthy Countryman, General Hotze, who has already more than 2000 Men under his Command.

May 7.
In the southern departments of France, says a gentleman lately arrived from that country the opposition to the existing government is active and decided, and Lyons, in particular, is represented as being in general insurrection. While he was at Havre, three hundred fishermen were sent from that town to Breff, under an escort of 400 soldiers. They were marching two a-breast, chained above the elbows with small chains, each about two feet long.

LORD BRIDPORT'S FLEET.
[sixteen sail of the line, as already published.]

The Venerable, of 74 guns, captain Sir G. Fairfax, failed to join the fleet before the news of the failing of the enemy arrived. Since which the

the Atlas	98	Capt J Jones
Formidable	98	— E Thornborough
Ramilles	74	— R Grindall
Robust	74	George Countess
Saturne	74	— T Totty
Canada	74	Hon. M. De Courcy
Triumph	74	— T Secombe
Defiance	74	— T R Shivers
Bellona	74	— Sir J B Thompson

Have failed from Plymouth. And
Royal Sovereign 110 { Vice Ad Sir A. Gardner
 { Capt Bedford
Queen Charlotte 110 { Rear Ad Whitshed
 { Capt.
Captain 74 Sir R Strachan
Repulse 64 J. Alms
Are about to fail from Spithead; making in the whole thirty sail of the line, nine of which are three deckers.

A letter from Falmouth states, that an American captain, whose name is Lightfoot, had arrived there, who, on Wednesday last, had passed through Lord Bridport's fleet. He was boarded by the Caesar, one of the squadron. The information received from the people of the Caesar was, that they had seen the French Fleet, but had lost sight of it in a fog. The enemy were steering N.W.

May 9.
The Hamburg mail due yesterday arrived in course. It contains little farther accounts from the armies. Italy appears now to be the principal theater of active operations. The Imperial combined armies continue to advance with vigor, and give no respite to the enemy whom they have thrown into disorder. It is stated, in letters from Verona of the 18th, that they entered Breff on the 18th, though the Gazette of Tuesday says that the army was only to march for this purpose on the 19th. It is probable however, that they would occupy this place without much opposition. Mirandola is likewise said to be in the hands of the confederates, and their patrols stretch from thence as far as Pizzighitona. It is confidently asserted that the headquarters of the French had been removed from Lodi to Milan, and that in consequence of the alarm, the Executive Directory, and two councils of the Cisalpine republic, had withdrawn to Turin.

The main body of the Imperialists under Suwarow, it was reported, was to endeavor to bring the French to a general engagement on the 24th or 25th, and if successful, they expected to be masters of all Lombardy. The republicans must now fight not only for victory, but for life; for it is stated that the Russians give no quarter. The French army, however, has received considerable reinforcements, and has recovered confidence since the appointment of Morau. We may expect to hear, indeed, that they

continue to fall back till the disorder occasioned by their defeats is in some degree repaired. Certainly the French will not relinquish their footing in Italy without a struggle; and we shall see now General Suwarow will support his high reputation when opposed by a commander of acknowledged talents.

The same inactivity still prevails in Subbia and Switzerland. Some however, think that the Austrians for the present will be contented with their successes in this quarter, without pushing farther. They have gained a powerful barrier by the lake of Constance the Brigau, and their strong positions of the Voralberg, &c. against an irruption of the French into Subbia and the Tyrol. The republicans are thus compelled to subvert their forces in their own territories, or the exhausted country of Switzerland, while the Austrians remaining in the mean time upon the defence, are enabled to send strong reinforcements to their armies in Italy, where the principal offensive effort is made. Perhaps, however, since the Archduke happily recovered from his indisposition some enterprise may be attempted worthy of the energy of his character.

The French Plenipotentiaries have quitted Radstadt because the Austrian Commander in the neighborhood would not consider Radstadt as privileged since the Imperial Envoy has withdrawn, and refused to be absolutely responsible for what might happen to the Deputies in the present state of affairs. Before leaving Radstadt they protested against this proceeding as contrary to the law of nations, the previous declarations of the Emperor, and the independence of the Germanic body. They are to remain at Straßburg, to receive and discuss such offers as may be made to them.

While the arms of the Republic have encountered such disasters in Europe, successes appear still to have followed the Standard of Buonaparte. The Vienna court Gazette states, that he had penetrated in Syria, and defeated part of the forces of the Pacha, who was employed to conduct the war against him. The accounts from Constantinople of the 3d state, that the Pacha, of Arce is afraid to venture from his capital, and that the French are in possession of almost all Syria. The French papers had stated that Buonaparte had taken Arce, and these accounts if true give great countenance to the report. Buonaparte has likewise succeeded in tranquillizing Egypt, and has greatly strengthened his forces by incorporating a number of those whom he had gained over. This intelligence, however differs much from that lately communicated to government by Commodore Trowbridge.

May 10.
Mr. Powell, the Messenger, arrived yesterday with dispatches from the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland: he failed from Dublin on Monday noon. He brought letters from Lord Bridport. His Lordship was off Cape Clear with his fleet on Friday last, waiting to intercept the French squadron, should Ireland be the object of its destination.

The cruisers of our fleet, it is said, had captured a French lugger with dispatches from the ministers of marine to the commander in chief of their squadron off the coast of Ireland. Unless this be an artifice to mislead our naval forces, it removes the uncertainty upon this point. We have the satisfaction to know, however, that Lord Bridport has reached the Irish station before the enemy, and that he is prepared to guard its coast. Proper arrangements have likewise been made to watch the hostile squadron, should the French have some other object in view.

Yesterday reports were circulated that the French had actually landed in Ireland, but the story seems to deserve no credit. The messenger had a very disagreeable passage of nearly 30 hours, and was on Tuesday evening landed on the rocks, about five miles from Holyhead, the packet with the mail of Saturday, which failed the day before him, had not arrived this side of the water when he left the Isle of Anglesea. The letters by it had not reached town last night.

May 11.
Yesterday, information was received at Lloyd's Coffee House, that the French fleet had been seen by a Dane, steering directly towards the coast of Spain, and that he had the day before passed through a squadron of SIX SPANISH MEN OF WAR, cruising off Ferrol, as if WAITING to be JOINED by the FRENCH FLEET. This intelligence was in part confirmed by one of our own frigates, which reconnoitered the Spanish ships, but the admiralty have no regular advice of the fact. It was, however, very generally credited, and gave a strong countenance to the supposition, that the combined fleet is bound to the Mediterranean, in hopes again to possess the dominion of that sea.

The intelligence of the Breff fleet being at sea, and the supposition that it may be destined for Ireland, has excited considerable agitation in Dublin. All the departments of government have been put in motion by the news. Every measure of military preparation has been taken as if the enemy were actually landed, and the vigilance of the administration, it is said, is adopting every precaution to guard against the co-operation of the disaffected by the new arrivals. Two regiments of English Militia which were on their return to this country, have been disembarked, and the troops are kept on the alert. It is supposed that if the enemy really entertain any designs of invasion, the North is the point against which the attack is meditated, and to this quarter the attention of government is directed. It is said that symptoms have been discovered, which indicated an expectation on the part of the Rebels that something would be attempted by the enemy in their favor. It is not improbable, however, that many of those suspicions are the effect of immediate anxiety and alarm.

Marquis Cornwallis is determined to be prepared against every event.

Plymouth, May 8.
A very hot press took place this morning, and many able seamen added to his Majesty's Navy.

PRIVATE LETTER.
Dublin May, 3.
It is asserted in the most positive manner by those in the public departments at the Castle, &c. that conspirators have gone far in hatching a new rebellion, and that committees of United Irishmen have been for some time back, and are now holding their meetings in this city.

Since Wright and Lawton have been taken, expectation is generally entertained of more arrests.

On Wednesday the House of Commons was occupied with the committee on the bill for the relief of suffering Loyallists—On Thursday the report was received—On Friday there was nothing done of General interest.

By an arrival at Boston.

Verona, April 16.
The Austrian flotilla, on the lake of Garda, is to bombard Petchiera, by water, while Gen. St. Julian invests it by land.

After Suwarow has taken Mantua, which is but ill supplied, he is to proceed into Lombardy, and reinstate Victor Armadeus III, on the throne of Sardinia.

London, May 4.
We have accounts, that Gen. Klainuz, has invested Mantua; and has possessed himself of Lagro Sacro, and four pieces of cannon. Gen. Mellas informs, that the people are very favourably disposed to the Austrian cause—that they supplied the troops with every refreshment;—received them with shouts of joy, and took every occasion to express their hatred of the French, and democratic governments.

The communication between the French armies in the Neapolitan dominions, and those of the Milanese, will speedily be cut off.—And the invaders of Naples placed between two fires.

Venice, April 3.
The combined squadron of English, Russian and Portuguese, appeared off this bay yesterday.

On the 15th April, the whole Imperial army was stationed on Cisalpine ground. At which time, accounts from Roveredo state, that the headquarters of the French were at Milan. The French troops are leaving the Neapolitan, Roman and Tuscan territories, to concentrate their force in Cisalpine—of which Milan is the capital. The Neapolitan troops in Calabria are said to amount to 20,000, and commanded by British officers, will follow the French from Naples;—the Russians and Turks from Arcona, will flank them on their march; and the Austrian column, under Gen. Kleaneu, on the Lower Po, will oppose their progress to Milan. The 3d of April, the French were at Naples.

Leghorn April 3.
The French continue in quiet possession of this city. The English Russian and Imperial Consuls, are confined in their houses. The English merchants are at liberty. The file of Elbe has submitted to the French.

The French on the Lower Rhine have retreated to Wetzlar. They are about evacuating the environs of Manheim.

Affairs in Switzerland, &c.

Dublin, May 9.
The Council have rejected the proposition of the Helvetic Directory, to declare war against the Emperor. The interior of Switzerland is in a state of the utmost confusion.—Insurrection is every where considered as a holy duty; and the French faction are daily falling sacrifices to the resentment of the oppressed and insulted Swiss. The peasants are generally in arms, in opposition to the French.

Five Bailliwicks, in the Valteline have declared for Austria, and Gen. Bellegarde has marched a column to support them.

From Buonaparte, in Egypt.

London, May 5.
The accounts from Egypt, are to the middle of February. The plague then raged with uncommonly extensive mortality;—and the Pacha of Syria has pledged his head to the Porte, that he will send that of Buonaparte.

Miscellaneous Articles.

London, May 1.
The following Diplomatic Note has been distributed in Germany, by order of the Court of Vienna:

"The French Directory continues to advance the most exaggerated pretensions, and the Imperial Court will not suffer itself to be degraded by Republicans, whose object is to humble all princes. Twenty-five millions of faithful and devoted subjects, the best army in Europe, and immense resources of all kinds, are strong inducements to inspire the Emperor with a just sense of his dignity and power. With such means the Emperor will not allow himself to be dictated to; and his example will be followed by every monarch whose throne is to be threatened by innovation and anarchy. The cause of kings, when united, can no longer be doubtful; but if they remain divided, their reign must soon be at an end, and Europe must be exposed to the most dreadful calamities."

LANCASTER, June 22.

At a very large and respectable meeting of inhabitants from every part of this county, met at the Court House, on Wednesday last, it was unanimously agreed to support the election of JAMES ROSS, Esq. for the Office of Governor.

During this week several persons have been committed to prison in this town on suspicion of making and passing counterfeit money.

The Gazette.

PHILADELPHIA.

THURSDAY EVENING, JUNE 27.

The heat of the weather yesterday was so intense, that animals dropped down with suffocation. At about seven in the morning there came on a slight fall of rain, accompanied with the severest and most vivid flashes of lightning experienced for many years. In the afternoon more rain fell, and the lightnings were again severe and rapid in succession. In the morning several vessels were struck, but without any material damage. The brig Winifred, lately arrived here from Bristol, had her main-top-mast and main-mast struck and gouged out in channels to within a few feet of the deck. Several persons were on board her, and one on deck, who was knocked down by the stroke. A large tree in Southwark was also struck and torn to pieces and a woman standing near stunned and struck to the ground.

Extract of a letter from Cape Francis, dated May 7.

"I wish to give you, my dear friend some account of the situation of St. Domingo at this moment. The treaty of amity and commerce between the United States and this colony, has been signed and published in such a manner that we expect your ships to arrive here in a month from this day. There are indeed goods which arrive daily by the way of St. Thomas, but not sufficient to satisfy the great demand which has existed since the devastation of this rich and luxuriant part of St Domingo; cultivation goes on favourably and with much spirit, thanks to our good general Toussaint Louverture. The police is conducted with strictness both in the city and country. The productions of this country actually are in great demand; and merchandizes of every kind are very scarce and consequently very dear. Flour sells at 3½ dollars, the barrel, wine 100 dollars, the barrel, oil 26 to 40 dollars, twelve bottles to the cask; soap sells at half a dollar a pound; groceries in general are very high. I presume that by the treaty of amity and commerce, which is about to be concluded, that the Americans will be able to come here with much confidence, and respect from English cruisers. All our privateers have been ordered to return; and to respect the flags of our allies or neutrals, and it has taken place since the proclamation, which has been issued by the citizen Rouseau."

HARRISBURGH, June 19.

A. I. I. O. N.

On Friday last, Matthew Lyon, Esq. Knight of the Wooden Sword, &c. &c. passed through this town, on his way to his den in Vermont.—He has been in Kentucky, whither he intends, we hear, in company with a number of his constituents, to remove in a short time.—It is generally expected he will be appointed Governor of that state at their next election, in consideration of his delicate and firm conduct during the time of his hydrophobia.

Gazette Marine List.

Ship India, Ashmead, of this port, has arrived at Gravesend.

Brig Saculation, Weiting, from hence, has arrived at Bremen.

Brig Morning Star, M'Caskey, from hence, has arrived at Limerick.

Brig, Mercury, Yardley, of this port, has arrived at Gravesend, from Rotterdam.

[Lloyd's List of the 10th May.]

A brig, name unknown, came to at the Fort this morning.

New-York, June 26.

ARRIVED Days

Ship Mary, [with the English Mail] Thompson, Falmouth 42

Brig Rebecca, Smith, London 46

A large black brig on shore at Hell Gate.

Ship Margaret, Siltou, arrived at Newy in 29 days from this port.

The brig Philanthropist, Richardson, from Alexandria, to La Guira, was captured by the French privateer L'Hippoliti on the 30th ult. the cargo, plundered, and the captain, supercargo and crew ordered on board a schooner for New-London, where they arrived on the 21st.

Ship Dispatch, Bushby, was at Hamburg May 3d.

Schr. Polly, from hence to Havanna, put into Norfolk in distress, having sprung a leak 7 days after leaving this port.

DIED suddenly, yesterday, morning, Mr. John Parker, porter of the U. S. brig Pickering.

NOTICE.

AS several of the Committees named for the purpose of making collections for the poor sufferers at the late fire, have nearly completed the duties assigned them, it is earnestly requested that the whole of them, or as many as possible, will attend on Saturday next at the sign of the Buck in Second Street (late George Hill's) at 6 o'clock in the evening in order to make arrangements for the disposal of the money entrusted to their care.

Philadelphia, June 27.

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